

**LISTING OF CLAIMS**

Claims 1-23. (Canceled)

24. (Previously presented) A method of treating at least one flat panel display current emitter, said method comprising:

exposing at least a portion of said at least one current emitter to a hydrogenation process comprising plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process conducted in the presence of a silane gas in a reaction chamber; and

exposing at least a portion of said at least one current emitter to a nitrogen infusion process.

25. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 24, wherein said nitrogen infusion process is conducted in said reaction chamber following said plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process.

26. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 24, wherein said nitrogen infusion process is conducted in the presence of ammonia gas.

27. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 26, wherein said plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process is conducted with a silane gas flow rate of about 1000 sccm, and RF power of about 200-300 watts, a chamber pressure of about 1200 mtorr and for a period of about 5 to 10 minutes.

28. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 27, wherein said nitrogen infusion process is conducted with an ammonia gas flow rate of about 500 sccm, an RF power of about 300-400 watts, a chamber pressure of about 1200 mtorr and for a period of about 10 to 15 minutes.

29. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 24, wherein said current emitter includes a base portion surrounded by an insulator and said current emitting portion extends from said insulator.

30. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 24, further comprising:  
  
performing the hydrogenation process and the nitrogen infusion process on a plurality of current emitters.

31. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 30, further comprising:  
  
sealing said plurality of current emitters in a field emission display device.

32. (Previously presented) A method of fabricating a field emission device, said method comprising:

treating the tips of the current emitters of said field emission device with plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition hydrogenation in the presence of silane gas in a chamber; and

treating said tips with nitrogen plasma while said tips are still in said chamber.

33. (Previously presented) A method of treating at least one flat panel display current emitter, said method comprising:

exposing at least a portion of said at least one current emitter to a hydrogenation process comprising plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition conducted in the presence of a silane gas in a reaction chamber, wherein said plasma enhanced chemical

vapor deposition process is conducted with a silane gas flow rate of about 1000 sccm;  
and

exposing at least a portion of said at least one current emitter to a nitrogen  
infusion process in said reaction chamber.

34. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 33, wherein said plasma  
enhanced chemical vapor deposition process is conducted with an RF power of about  
200-300 watts, a chamber pressure of about 1200 mtorr, and a deposition period of  
about 5 to 10 minutes.

35. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 33, wherein said nitrogen  
infusion process comprises exposing said at least a portion of the at least one current  
emitter to ammonia.

36. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 35, wherein said nitrogen  
infusion process is conducted with an ammonia gas flow rate of about 500 sccm, an RF  
power of about 300-400 watts, a chamber pressure of about 1200 mtorr, and an  
exposure period of about 10 to 15 minutes.

37. (Previously presented) A method of fabricating a field emission device,  
said method comprising:

treating the tips of the current emitters of said field emission device with plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition hydrogenation in the presence of a silane gas in a chamber, wherein said plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process is conducted with a silane gas flow rate of about 1000 sccm, an RF power of about 200-300 watts, a chamber pressure of about 1200 mtorr, and a deposition period of about 5 to 10 minutes; and

treating said tips with nitrogen plasma while said tips are still in said chamber.

38. (Previously presented) A method as in claim 37, wherein said step of treating the tips is conducted with an ammonia gas flow rate of about 500 sccm, an RF power of about 300-400 watts, a chamber pressure of about 1200 mtorr, and an exposure period of about 10 to 15 minutes.